

ABSTRACT

Antisense compounds, compositions and methods are provided for modulating the expression of acyl CoA cholesterol acyltransferase-2. The compositions comprise antisense compounds, particularly antisense oligonucleotides, targeted to nucleic acids encoding acyl CoA cholesterol acyltransferase-2. Methods of using these compounds for modulation of acyl CoA cholesterol acyltransferase-2 expression and for treatment of diseases associated with expression of acyl CoA cholesterol acyltransferase-2 are provided.